

**INDIVIDUAL MOTION PRACTICES OF  
MAGISTRATE JUDGE STEVEN I. LOCKE**

**100 Federal Plaza  
Central Islip, NY 11722  
Courtroom 820**

**Contact: Criminal matters: Kristin Gandiosi at (631) 712-5724  
Civil matters: Law Clerks at (631) 712-5720**

**THESE INDIVIDUAL RULES ARE IN EFFECT AS OF JULY 13, 2023**

**1. Electronic Case Filing (ECF)**

- A. **All documents** in civil actions **MUST** be filed electronically, with the limited exception stated in paragraph 1(F), *infra*. Litigants proceeding *pro se* are exempt from ECF requirements. Information about ECF procedures, including the ECF User's Guide, is available on the Eastern District Website [<http://www.nyed.uscourts.gov>]. For questions regarding ECF filing please call (718) 613-2571.
- B. All orders issued by Judge Locke will be transmitted electronically. Hard copies will not be mailed to attorneys. Accordingly, attorneys are responsible for keeping their e-mail addresses current with the Clerk's Office. Hard copies will be mailed to *pro se* litigants, who are responsible for keeping their mailing addresses current with the Clerk's Office.
- C. Any letter to Judge Locke requesting Court intervention, including those sent pursuant to Local Civil Rules 37.1 and 37.3 or requesting an adjournment or extension of discovery deadlines, must be electronically docketed under "Motions" and not under "Other Documents" as a "Letter."
- D. *Filing Documents under Seal*. Documents may not be filed under seal without prior permission of the Court. For further instructions, see "Steps for E-filing Sealed Documents," [www.nyed.uscourts.gov/cmecf-documentation](http://www.nyed.uscourts.gov/cmecf-documentation). Questions regarding these procedures should be directed to the Clerk's Office.
- E. Hard copies of the following electronically filed papers must be sent to Chambers:
  - i. Letter Motions with exhibits or attachments exceeding 15 pages in total.
  - ii. Referred motions or motions on notice made to Judge Locke. Such papers must be clearly marked "Courtesy Copy" and indicate the ECF-assigned docket number. See Rule 4(C)(iv), *infra*, for further requirements.

**Hard copies of any other electronically filed papers should not be sent to Chambers.**

- F. *Ex parte* settlement statements required by the Court should not be electronically filed. These statements may be emailed to Courtroom Deputy Kristin Gandiosi at [kristin\\_gandiosi@nyed.uscourts.gov](mailto:kristin_gandiosi@nyed.uscourts.gov).

## 2. Communications with Chambers

- A. *Telephone Calls.* Telephone calls to Chambers are permitted. All questions regarding criminal matters should be directed to Kristin Gandiosi at (631) 712-5724. Other questions should be directed to the main Chambers number, (631) 712-5720. If a call concerns a request for relief, all parties must be present. If the parties are calling from a deposition, they should have the court reporter present to record any rulings.
- B. *Requests for Adjournments or Extensions of Time.* **All requests for adjournments or extensions of time must be made in writing and filed electronically as motions at least two business days prior to the scheduled appearance,** absent an emergency. Requests for adjournments or extensions must state the date of the original conference or deadline, the reason an adjournment or extension is needed, whether all parties consent (and reason(s) for withholding consent), and the number of prior adjournments or extensions. Requests to adjourn a court proceeding must list at least three alternative dates when all parties are available. Requests for extensions must establish good cause for the relief sought and must include a proposed amended scheduling order where appropriate. **Requests for both adjournments and extensions of time must be filed electronically as “Motions.”** See Rule 1(C), *supra*. Do not mail courtesy copies of these requests to Chambers.

## 3. Conferences

- A. All conferences before Judge Locke are conducted in person in Room 820 of the Central Islip Courthouse. For represented parties, responsible counsel must be present. Absent exceptional circumstances, appearances by phone are not permitted. If an attorney or party is going to be late to a conference due to extenuating circumstances, the delayed individual must contact his or her adversary, and if the adversary is unavailable, the Court, and advise of the delay and expected arrival time.
- B. *Status Conferences.* It is Judge Locke’s practice to schedule a status conference after the first round of document discovery is exchanged. If, at the time of the status conference, the parties have no issues that require the Court’s attention, the parties may write a joint letter to the Court explaining the status of the case and requesting that the status conference be cancelled. This letter should be electronically filed as a “Motion.” See Rule 1(C), *supra*.
- C. *Settlement Conferences.* Judge Locke is available to conduct settlement conferences as appropriate subject to the following practices. The parties should write a joint letter to the Court requesting a settlement conference. The letter should contain three dates when all attorneys AND parties are available. The Court will then select the first available of the designated dates that best fits the Court's schedule. All attorneys and parties must appear in person for settlement conferences. For corporate and similar entities, including governmental entities, someone with authority must be present. Prior to the settlement conference the parties must engage in one round of negotiations with a demand and response. Three days prior to the settlement conference, the parties should email an *ex parte* pre-conference letter to Judge Locke’s Courtroom Deputy, Kristin Gandiosi, at

kristin\_gandiosi@nyed.uscourts.gov. The letter should address the facts as each party understands them, any case law the parties want to bring to the Court's attention, the history of settlement negotiations, and a realistic assessment of the party's settlement position.

#### 4. Motions

##### A. *Discovery or Other Non-Dispositive Motions.*

- i. Letter Motions: discovery or other non-dispositive motions may be made by letter motion, pursuant to Local Civil Rules 37.1 and 37.3, and filed electronically as a "Motion." See Rule 1(C), *supra*. Parties must make a good faith effort to resolve disputes in person or by telephone, **before** making a motion. See Local Civil Rule 37.3 (a). Letter motions may not exceed three pages in length, exclusive of attachments. A response in opposition not exceeding three pages in length, exclusive of attachments, must be served and filed within four days. Replies are not permitted on letter motions. All letters must use one-inch margins, single spacing, and 12 point font. No pre-motion conference is required.
- ii. Motions on Notice: Although parties are encouraged to make discovery and other non-dispositive motions by letter pursuant to Local Rule 37.3, such motions may be made on notice pursuant to Local Civil Rule 6.1 and must comply with paragraph 4(C), *infra*. No pre-motion conference is required.

##### B. *Dispositive Motions.* Dispositive motions, such as motions to dismiss and motions for summary judgment, must be made to the presiding District Judge, in conformance with his or her individual rules, unless the parties have consented to Judge Locke's jurisdiction for all purposes in accordance with 28 U.S.C. §636 (c)(1).

##### C. *General Motion Practices for Motions on Notice Made to Judge Locke.*

- i. Service of Motions: Unless otherwise directed by the Court, motion papers shall be served in accordance with Local Civil Rule 6.1.
- ii. Filing of Motions with the Court: With the exception of the motions set forth in paragraph 4(C)(vi), *infra*, all motions are subject to the "Bundle Rule," that is, no motion papers shall be filed with the Court until the motion is fully briefed by both sides and exchanges of all papers have been made. All motion papers should be filed electronically on the same filing date, and the moving party is responsible for the filing of all motion papers.

Parties are advised that compliance with district court motion rules does not excuse noncompliance with Fed. R. App. P. 4. See, e.g., *Camacho v. City of Yonkers*, 236 F.3d 112 (2d Cir. 2000).

- iii. Memoranda of Law: Legal argument must be set forth in a memorandum of law. Unless prior permission has been granted, memoranda of law in

support of and in opposition to motions on notice are limited to 25 pages, and reply memoranda are limited to 10 pages. Memoranda of 10 pages or more shall contain a table of contents. Case citations set forth in the body of the memoranda of law must contain pinpoint cites. All memoranda of law must use one inch margins, double spacing, and 12 point font. Affidavits or affirmations containing legal argument will be rejected. *See* Local Civil Rule 7.1(a). **Any memoranda, affidavits, or affirmations not complying with the requirements set forth herein will be rejected.**

- iv. Courtesy Copies: After electronic filing, one hard copy of the motion papers shall be submitted to Judge Locke. Courtesy copies of dispositive motions made to the District Judge should not be provided to Judge Locke unless such motions have been referred to him. Courtesy copies must comply with the following requirements: (a) copies of all papers must be clearly marked as “Courtesy Copy” and indicate the ECF-assigned docket number(s), and (b) exhibits must have tabbed dividers that protrude beyond the edges of the page at either the bottom or side of the papers.
- v. Oral Argument on Motions: Parties may request oral argument. The Court will determine whether argument will be heard and, if so, will advise counsel of the argument date.
- vi. Motions Excepted from the Bundle Rule: The following motions are not subject to the Bundle Rule:
  - a. Motions for admission *pro hac vice*
  - b. Motions for reconsideration pursuant to Local Civil Rule 6.3 of orders issued by Judge Locke
  - c. In cases on consent to Judge Locke, motions pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 50, 52, 59 or 60, motions pursuant to Fed. R. App. P. 4(a)(5), and motions brought by order to show cause

D. *Summary Judgment Motions in Cases on Consent to Judge Locke.*

- i. In cases where all parties are represented by counsel:

Any party planning to make a motion for summary judgment must notify the Court of its intention by electronically filing a letter that (a) briefly states the basis for the motion and (b) sets forth a proposed briefing schedule agreed to by the parties. No pre-motion conference is necessary. The Court will then issue an order either approving the parties’ proposed briefing schedule or setting a new one. Service and Filing requirements are set forth in Rule 4 (C)(i-ii), *supra*.

The movant must serve a Rule 56.1 Statement pursuant to Local Civil Rule 56.1; a Notice of Motion; an initial memorandum of law; and appropriate supporting

documentation. The opponent must serve a Rule 56.1 Counterstatement pursuant to Local Civil Rule 56.1; a memorandum of law in opposition; and appropriate supporting documentation. The paragraphs in the Counterstatement must correspond to the paragraphs in the movant's Statement. The movant may then serve a Reply Memorandum of Law. All documents must comply with the requirements set out in Rule 4(C), *supra*, and in Local Civil Rule 56.1. Any documents that do not comply will be rejected.

ii. In cases where one or more of the non-movants is appearing *pro se*:

Where the party moving for summary judgment is represented by counsel and one or more of the non-movants is appearing *pro se*, the parties must follow the same steps set forth above in Rule 4(D)(i), plus, the movant must also serve on the *pro se* party or parties a Notice Pursuant to Local Civil Rule 56.2, and must include a copy of that Notice in the moving papers.

E. *Social Security Appeals on Consent to Judge Locke*. Consistent with the dictates of Fed. R. Civ. P. 1, which requires the construction of all applicable rules “to secure the just, speedy, and inexpensive determination of every action and proceeding,” as well as this district's Administrative Order 2015-05 (“In re: Scheduling in Social Security Cases”) (“AO”), the following shall apply in all Social Security disability appeals assigned to Magistrate Judge Locke on consent of the parties:

- i. In all cases in which the plaintiff is represented by counsel, along with its motion for judgment on the pleadings, as required by AO(ii)(A), the plaintiff shall provide a “Statement of Contentions.” This statement, conceptually similar to that required for summary judgment motions by Local Rule 56.1, shall set forth a separate, short, and concise statement, in numbered paragraphs, the contentions of the plaintiff as to the alleged legal errors in the Secretary's determination and/or the specific findings of the decision of the Administrative Law Judge (“ALJ”) that, the plaintiff contends, is not supported by substantial evidence. Failure to submit such a statement may constitute grounds for denial of the motion, and failure to identify a legal error or finding unsupported by substantial evidence may be deemed a waiver of such argument. *See Selian v. Astrue*, 708 F.3d 409, 420 (2d Cir. 2013) (discussing forfeiture of arguments not presented to district court); *Estrella v. Berryhill*, 925 F.3d 90, 98 (2d Cir. 2019) (“claimants in Social Security cases must preserve legal arguments—not necessarily factual ones”).
- ii. The responsive papers filed by the defendant, as required by AO(ii)(B), shall include an “Opposing Statement of Contentions,” containing correspondingly numbered paragraph responding to each numbered paragraph in the statement of the moving party. The failure to include such an opposing statement may result in the striking of the opposition to the motion.

- iii. Each contention by the movant and opponent made pursuant to this rule must be followed by pinpoint citations to the administrative record, identifying evidence supporting and/or rebutting each said contention. By way of example, if plaintiff contends that the ALJ failed to properly assess the plaintiff's residual functional capacity, the Statement of Contentions should identify with particularity the aspects of the plaintiff's purported disability which were disregarded by the ALJ along with specific page citations identifying evidence supporting this claim. The Government, in turn, in its Opposing Statements should provide citations identifying the evidence which it believes the ALJ properly relied upon in reaching a determination as to those specific findings.
- iv. Consistent with this Court's individual rules, the following scheduling order will be entered in Social Security disability appeals assigned to Judge Locke: Defendant will obtain and serve upon the Plaintiff but not file the administrative record of the proceedings within 60 days of the date that this Order is docketed. Defendant's answer to the complaint is waived. Within 45 days from the filing of the record, plaintiff shall serve but not file upon defendant a motion for judgment on the pleadings. Within 45 days from the receipt of plaintiff's motion, defendant shall serve but not file upon plaintiff its cross-motion. Any party wishing to file a reply memorandum of law shall serve such reply memorandum of law within 30 days of the receipt of the opposing memorandum of law. On that day, the movant(s) shall electronically file the entire set of motion papers, statement of contentions, and the administrative record with the Court in accordance with the "bundling rule." After electronic filing, the movant(s) shall mail to the Court one hard copy of all motion papers marked as "Courtesy Copy" as per the undersigned's individual rules. Defendant shall mail to the Court one hard copy of the Administrative Record.

## **5. Pretrial Procedures in Cases on Consent to Judge Locke**

- A. *Joint Pretrial Orders.* On the date specified in the scheduling order, the parties shall submit a joint pretrial order that includes the following:
  - i. the full caption of the action;
  - ii. names, addresses (including firm names), and telephone and fax numbers of trial counsel;
  - iii. a brief statement by plaintiff as to the basis of subject matter jurisdiction, and a brief statement by each other party as to the presence or absence of subject matter jurisdiction. Such statements shall include citations to all statutes relied on and relevant facts as to citizenship and jurisdictional amount;
  - iv. a brief summary by each party of the claims and defenses that party has



asserted which remain to be tried, without recital of evidentiary matter but including citations to all statutes relied on. Such summaries shall identify all claims and defenses previously asserted that are not to be tried;

- v. a statement by each party as to whether the case is to be tried with or without a jury, and the number of trial days needed;
- vi. any stipulations or agreed statements of fact or law that have been agreed to by all parties;
- vii. a list by each party as to the fact and expert witnesses whose testimony is to be offered in its case in chief, indicating whether such witnesses will testify in person or by deposition. Only listed witnesses will be permitted to testify except when good cause is shown;
- viii. a designation by each party of deposition testimony to be offered in its case in chief, with any cross-designations and objections by any other party; and,
- ix. a pretrial memorandum, including citations to case law and/or the record as appropriate.
- x. a schedule listing exhibits to be offered in evidence and, if not admitted by stipulation, the party or parties that will be offering them. The schedule must also include possible impeachment documents and/or exhibits, as well as exhibits that will be offered only on rebuttal. The parties must list and briefly describe the basis for any objections that they have to the admissibility of any exhibits to be offered by any other party. Parties are expected to resolve before trial all issues of authenticity, chain of custody, and related grounds. Only exhibits listed will be received in evidence except for good cause shown. All exhibits must be pre-marked for the trial and exchanged with the other parties at least ten days before trial. Where exhibits are voluminous, they should be placed in binders with tabs.

B. *Filings Prior to Trial.* Unless otherwise ordered by the Court, each party shall electronically file, at least two weeks before the date of commencement of trial:

- i. fully briefed motions *in limine*, if any;
- ii. in jury cases, requests to charge and proposed *voir dire* questions. Requests to charge should be limited to the elements of the claims, the damages sought, and defenses. General instructions will be prepared by the Court. Proposed requests to charge must also be submitted in Word format by e-mail to the Courtroom Deputy: [kristin\\_gandiosi@nyed.uscourts.gov](mailto:kristin_gandiosi@nyed.uscourts.gov);
- iii. in jury cases, by claim, a detailed statement regarding damages and other relief sought;

- iv. in non-jury cases, a statement of the elements of each claim or defense involving such party, together with a summary of the facts relied upon to establish each element;
- v. in any case where such party believes it would be useful, a pretrial memorandum; and
- vi. one copy of all exhibits, pre-marked in binders.